ATTACHMENT - FILL-INS

SECTION F – DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

FREE TIME AND DETENTION RATES (BULK/FSII/LUBES/JPTS)

COMPLETE IN OFFER ENTRY TOOL (OET) FOR FOB DESTINATION TRUCK OFFERS

IN-LINE BLENDING

(a) Offerors may offer nonaviation petroleum products that use In-Line Blending (ILB) procedures for delivery into tankers and barges (vessels). Offerors planning to use ILB procedures to blend finished product, as it is being delivered into vessels, must include with the offer a detailed description of the ILB procedures, including quantity determination. Automatic, on-line test procedures must be described in detail, including whether these tests are ASTM (or equivalent) approved. ILB procedures must be acceptable to the Government. The Contractor has the option of meeting the requirements of either (b) or (c) below.

(b) The Contractor is responsible for product quality on board the vessel.

(1) During an ILB operation, changes in the blend ratio may occur during vessel loadings. In order to assure the entire cargo is uniformly blended, sampling and testing on board the vessel are required. Although Section 4 of the Product Specification, Quality Assurance Provisions, defines a Bulk Lot as an indefinite quantity of a homogeneous mixture of material offered for acceptance in a <u>single isolated container</u>, sampling and full specification testing of each vessel tank <u>system</u> is acceptable.

(2) The following vessel sampling and testing must be performed by the Contractor and substitutes for the Sampling and Testing requirements contained in the CONTRACTOR INSPECTION RESPONSIBILITIES QAP. All tests must be on-specification as evidence that the Contractor has met the contract product quality requirements.

(i) An appearance, gravity, and flash point (if product specification has a flash point requirement) on an all-level sample from each tank used in the loading. A half (0.5) liter sample from each tank will be retained for 45 days.

(ii) A full specification test series on a multiple tank composite sample representing each vessel tank <u>system</u> used in the loading. If more than four systems are used, only four multiple tank composite samples need to be tested. In this case, the Contractor will ensure that multiple tank composite samples are representative of all product loaded, and the Contractor will determine which vessel tanks will be included in each multiple tank composite sample. A 20-liter multiple tank composite sample for each vessel tank system will be retained for 45 days.

(iii) All time and costs associated with sampling and testing the finished product aboard the vessel will be borne by the Contractor.

(iv) If the product does not conform to specification aboard the vessel, the Government has the option to require the Contractor to pump the cargo back to the Contractor's facility. In this circumstance, title for the nonconforming product will revert to the Contractor, and the Contractor will have no right to payment for such product. All delays and costs associated with the nonconforming product, including demurrage and any vessel cleaning determined necessary by the Government, will be borne by the Contractor.

(c) The Contractor is responsible for product quality at the custody transfer point.

(1) Subdivisions (b)(2)(i) and (ii) above, sampling and testing, must still be performed.

(2) The Contractor must also obtain samples at the custody transfer point that are representative of the product in the various vessel tanks. Samples must be taken in accordance with ASTM D 4177. As a minimum, an 8-liter composite sample, representative of each quarter cargo, will be taken. One 4-liter sample from each of these composites will be retained for a period of 45 days.

(3) If all vessel tests required by subdivisions (b)(2)(i) and (ii) above conform to specification, it will be concluded the Contractor met the contract quality requirements and no additional testing of custody transfer samples will be required.

(4) If any vessel tests in subdivisions (b)(2)(i) and (ii) above are off-specification, the Contractor must perform a full specification test series on the applicable custody transfer composite sample(s) that represents the on board off-specification product. If the custody transfer point sample(s) conforms to specification, it will be concluded the Contractor met the contract quality requirements. If the custody transfer point sample(s) does not conform to specification, it will be concluded the Contractor did not meet the contract quality requirements and the Government has the option to require the Contractor to pump the cargo back to the Contractor's facility. In this circumstance, title for the nonconforming product will revert to the Contractor and the Contractor will have no right to payment for such product. All delays and costs associated with the nonconforming product, including demurrage and any vessel cleaning determined necessary by the Government, will be borne by the Contractor.

(d) The Contractor may inspect tankers and barges for suitability to load the intended cargo. If the Contractor chooses the paragraph (b) option to guarantee product quality on board the vessel and the Contractor and the U.S. Quality Representative (QR) disagree as to the suitability to load Government-furnished vessels, the determination of the Contractor will govern. If the Contractor chooses the paragraph (c) option to guarantee product quality at the custody transfer point and the Contractor and QR disagree as to the suitability to load Government-furnished vessels, the determination of the QR will govern.

(e) The Contractor must state in its offer whether it will meet either the paragraph (b) or (c) requirements.

☐ will meet ☐ will not meet

REFINERY SHUTDOWNS FOR TURNAROUNDS

COMPLETE IN OFFER ENTRY TOOL (OET)

SECTION I – CONTRACT CLAUSES

FAR 52.207-4 ECONOMIC PURCHASE QUANTITY-SUPPLIES (AUG 1987)

(a) Offerors are invited to state an opinion on whether the quantity(ies) of supplies on which bids, proposals or quotes are requested in this solicitation is (are) economically advantageous to the Government.

(b) Each offeror who believes that acquisitions in different quantities would be more advantageous is invited to recommend an economic purchase quantity. If different quantities are recommended, a total and a unit price must be quoted for applicable items. An economic purchase quantity is that quantity at which a significant price break occurs. If there are significant price breaks at different quantity points, this information is desired as well.

Offeror Recommendations			
Item	**Quantity**	**Price Quotation**	**Total**

(c) The information requested in this provision is being solicited to avoid acquisitions in disadvantageous quantities and to assist the Government in developing a data base for future acquisitions of these items. However, the Government reserves the right to amend or cancel the solicitation and resolicit with respect to any individual item in the event quotations received and the Government's requirements indicate that different quantities should be acquired.

(End of provision)

FAR 52.223-3 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA (FEB 2026)

(a) *Hazardous material*, as used in this clause, includes any material defined as hazardous under the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313 (including revisions adopted during the term of the contract).

(b) The offeror must list any hazardous material, as defined in paragraph (a) of this clause, to be delivered under this contract. The hazardous material shall be properly identified and include any applicable identification number, such as National Stock Number or Special Item Number. This information shall also be included on the Material Safety Data Sheet submitted under this contract.

Material (if none, insert *None*)	Identification No.

(c) This list must be updated during performance of the contract whenever the Contractor determines that any other material to be delivered under this contract is hazardous.

(d) The apparently successful offeror agrees to submit, for each item as required prior to award, a Material Safety Data Sheet, meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313, for all hazardous material identified in paragraph (b) of this clause. Data shall be submitted in accordance with Federal Standard No. 313, whether or not the apparently successful offeror is the actual manufacturer of these items. Failure to submit the Material Safety Data Sheet prior to award may result in the apparently successful offeror being considered nonresponsible and ineligible for award.

(e) If, after award, there is a change in the composition of the item(s) or a revision to Federal Standard No. 313, which renders incomplete or inaccurate the data submitted under paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer and resubmit the data.

(f) Neither the requirements of this clause nor any act or failure to act by the Government shall relieve the Contractor of any responsibility or liability for the safety of Government, Contractor, or subcontractor personnel or property.

(g) Nothing contained in this clause shall relieve the Contractor from complying with applicable Federal, State, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations (including the obtaining of licenses and permits) in connection with hazardous material.

(h) The Government's rights in data furnished under this contract with respect to hazardous material are as follows:

(1) To use, duplicate and disclose any data to which this clause is applicable. The purposes of this right are to—

(i) Apprise personnel of the hazards to which they may be exposed in using, handling, packaging, transporting, or disposing of hazardous materials;

(ii) Obtain medical treatment for those affected by the material; and

(iii) Have others use, duplicate, and disclose the data for the Government for these purposes.

(2) To use, duplicate, and disclose data furnished under this clause, in accordance with subparagraph (h)(1) of this clause, in precedence over any other clause of this contract providing for rights in data.

(3) The Government is not precluded from using similar or identical data acquired from other sources.

(End of clause)

DLAD 52.233-9001 DISPUTES – AGREEMENT TO USE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (JUN 2020)

(a) The parties agree to negotiate with each other to try to resolve any disputes that may arise. If unassisted negotiations are unsuccessful, the parties will use alternative dispute resolution (ADR) techniques to try to resolve the dispute. Litigation will only be considered as a last resort when ADR is unsuccessful or has been documented by the party rejecting ADR to be inappropriate for resolving the dispute.

(b) Before either party determines ADR inappropriate, that party must discuss the use of ADR with the other party. The documentation rejecting ADR must be signed by an official authorized to bind the contractor (see FAR 52.233-1), or, for the Agency, by the contracting officer, and approved at a level above the contracting officer after consultation with the ADR Specialist and legal counsel. Contractor personnel are also encouraged to include the ADR Specialist in their discussions with the contracting officer before determining ADR to be inappropriate.

(c) If you wish to opt out of this clause, **check here** ☐ Alternate wording may be negotiated with the contracting officer.

(End of provision)

DLAD PROCUREMENT NOTE L02: ELECTRONIC ORDER TRANSMISSION (JUN 2020)

Offerors shall select one of the following alternatives for paperless order transmission:

☐ American National Standards Institute (ANSI) X12 Standards through a value-added network (VAN) approved by DLA Transaction Services; or

☐ Electronic mail (email) award notifications containing web links to electronic copies of the Department of Defense (DD) Form 1155, Order for Supplies or Services.

Offerors must register on the DLA Internet Bid Board System (DIBBS) (https://www.dibbs.bsm.dla.mil/) to receive email notification.

If the offeror elects ANSI/VAN order transmission, DLA will send Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) transaction sets at time of award. The contractor shall acknowledge receipt of transaction sets with a functional acknowledgement or order receipt message within 24 hours. If the contractor receives the award transaction set on a weekend or Federal holiday, the contractor shall acknowledge receipt on the next business day. This acknowledgement will confirm that the contractor's interface with the system is working as needed for contract ordering.

Offerors can obtain information regarding EDI, ANSI X12 transactions, and VANs approved by DLA Transaction Services at Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS) Value Added Network List (https://www.transactionservices.dla.mil/daashome/edi-vanlist-dla.asp).

Offerors should direct questions concerning electronic ordering to the appropriate procuring organization point of contact below:

DLA Land and Maritime, Helpdesk.EBS.L&M.LTCs@dla.mil
DLA Troop Support, dlaedigroup@dla.mil
DLA Aviation, avnprocsysproceddiv@dla.mil, phone # 804-279-4026

(End of L02 Procurement Note)

SECTION K – REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS AND STATEMENTS

FAR 52.203-2 -- CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT PRICE DETERMINATION (APR 1985)

(a) The offeror certifies that –

(1) The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other offeror or competitor relating to --

(i) Those prices;
(ii) The intention to submit an offer; or
(iii) The methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered.

(2) The prices in this offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the offeror, directly or indirectly, to any other offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and

(3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit an offer for the purpose of restricting competition.

(b) Each signature on the offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory –

(1) Is the person in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision; or

(2) (i)Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision

_____

[insert full name of person(s) in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices *offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her*

position in the offeror's organization].

(ii)As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) of this provision have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision; and

(iii)As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision.

(c) If the offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)(2) of this provision, the offeror must furnish with its offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.

(End of provision)

FAR 52.209-7 INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (FEB 2026)

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision—

"*Administrative proceeding*" means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (*e.g*., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceeding at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

"*Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than $10,000,000*" means—

(1) The total value of all current, active contracts and grants, including all priced options; and

(2) The total value of all current, active orders including all priced options under indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity, 8(a), or requirements contracts (including task and delivery and multiple-award Schedules).

"Principal" means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (*e.g*., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

(b) The offeror ☐ **has** ☐ **does not have** current active Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than $10,000,000.

(c) If the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of this provision, the offeror represents, by submission of this offer, that the information it has entered in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is current, accurate, and complete as of the date of submission of this offer with regard to the following information:

(1) Whether the offeror, and/or any of its principals, has or has not, within the last five years,

in connection with the award to or performance by the offeror of a Federal contract or grant, been the subject of a proceeding, at the Federal or State level that resulted in any of the following dispositions:

(i) In a criminal proceeding, a conviction.

(ii) In a civil proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in the payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of $5,000 or more.

(iii) In an administrative proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in—

(A) The payment of a monetary fine or penalty of $5,000 or more; or

(B) The payment of a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of $100,000.

(iv) In a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, a disposition of the matter by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault by the Contractor if the proceeding could have led to any of the outcomes specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), or (c)(1)(iii) of this provision.

(2) If the offeror has been involved in the last five years in any of the occurrences listed in (c)(1) of this provision, whether the offeror has provided the requested information with regard to each occurrence.

(d) The offeror shall post the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this provision in FAPIIS as required through maintaining an active registration in the System for Award Management which can be accessed via https://www.sam.gov (see 52.204-7).

(End of provision)

FAR 52.209-11 REPRESENTATION BY CORPORATIONS REGARDING DELINQUENT TAX LIABILITY OR A FELONY CONVICTION UNDER ANY FEDERAL LAW (FEB 2026)

(a) The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—

(1) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or

(2) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

(b) The Offeror represents that–

(1) It is ☐ is not ☐ a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and

(2) It is ☐ is not ☐ a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(End of provision)

FAR 52.229-11 TAX ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PROCUREMENTS—NOTICE AND REPRESENTATION (JUN 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.

Specified Federal procurement payment means any payment made pursuant to a contract with a foreign contracting party that is for goods, manufactured or produced, or services provided in a foreign country that is not a party to an international procurement agreement with the United States. For purposes of the prior sentence, a foreign country does not include an outlying area.

United States person as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(30) means

(1) A citizen or resident of the United States;

(2) A domestic partnership;

(3) A domestic corporation;

(4) Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. 701(a)(31)); and

(5) Any trust if–

(i) A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and

(ii) One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

(b) Unless exempted, there is a 2 percent tax of the amount of a specified Federal procurement payment on any foreign person receiving such payment. See 26 U.S.C. 5000C and its implementing

regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.

(c) Exemptions from withholding under this provision are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). **The Offeror would claim an exemption from the withholding by using the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, available via the internet at www.irs.gov/w14.** Any exemption claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue. The IRS Form W-14 is provided to the acquiring agency rather than to the IRS.

(d) For purposes of withholding under 26 U.S.C. 5000C, the Offeror represents that

(1) **It** ☐ **is** ☐ **is not** a foreign person; and

(2)If the Offeror indicates "is" in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, then the Offeror represents that—I am claiming on the IRS Form W-14 ☐ **a full exemption, or** ☐ **partial or no exemption** [Offeror shall select one] from the excise tax.

(e) If the Offeror represents it is a foreign person in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, then—

(1) The clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, will be included in any resulting contract; and

(2) The Offeror shall submit with its offer the IRS Form W-14. If the IRS Form W-14 is not submitted with the offer, exemptions will not be applied to any resulting contract and the Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment.

(f) If the Offeror selects "is" in paragraph (d)(1) and "partial or no exemption" in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror will be subject to withholding in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, in any resulting contract.

(g) A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions.

(End of provision)

DFARS 252.204-7016 COVERED DEFENSE TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES— REPRESENTATION (DEC 2019)

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision, “covered defense telecommunications equipment or

services" has the meaning provided in the clause 252.204-7018, Prohibition on the Acquisition of Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services.

(b) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (*https://www.sam.gov*) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered defense telecommunications equipment or services".

(c) *Representation*. The Offeror represents that **it** ☐ **does,** ☐ **does not** provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.

(End of provision)

DFARS 252.204-7017 PROHIBITION ON THE ACQUISITION OF COVERED DEFENSE TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES—REPRESENTATION (MAY 2021)

The **Offeror is not required to complete the representation in this provision if the Offeror has represented in the provision at 252.204-7016 , Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, that it "does not provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument."**

(a) *Definitions*. "Covered defense telecommunications equipment or services," "covered mission," "critical technology," and "substantial or essential component," as used in this provision, have the meanings given in the 252.204-7018 clause, Prohibition on the Acquisition of Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services, of this solicitation.

(b) *Prohibition*. Section 1656 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 115-91) prohibits agencies from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service to carry out covered missions that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system.

(c) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) at https://www.sam.gov for entities that are excluded when providing any equipment, system, or service to carry out covered missions that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless a waiver is granted.

Representation. If in its annual representations and certifications in SAM the Offeror has represented in paragraph (c) of the provision at 252.204-7016 , Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, that it "does" provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument, then the Offeror shall complete the following additional representation:

The Offeror represents that it ☐ **will** ☐ **will not** provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to DoD in the performance of any award resulting from this solicitation.

(e) *Disclosures*. If the Offeror has represented in paragraph (d) of this provision that it "will provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services," the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

(1) A description of all covered defense telecommunications equipment and services offered (include brand or manufacturer; product, such as model number, original equipment manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable).

(2) An explanation of the proposed use of covered defense telecommunications equipment and services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition referenced in paragraph (b) of this provision.

(3) For services, the entity providing the covered defense telecommunications services (include entity name, unique entity identifier, and Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, if known).

(4) For equipment, the entity that produced or provided the covered defense telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known).

(End of provision)

DFARS 252.225-7020 TRADE AGREEMENTS CERTIFICATE - BASIC (NOV 2014)

(a)*Definitions.* "Designated country end product," "nondesignated country end product," "qualifying country end product," and "U.S.-made end product" as used in this provision have the meanings given in the Trade Agreements— Basic clause of this solicitation.

(b)Evaluation. The Government—

(1)Will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of Part 225 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; and

(2)Will consider only offers of end products that are U.S.-made, qualifying country, or designated country end products unless—

(i) There are no offers of such end products;

(ii) The offers of such end products are insufficient to fulfill the Government's requirements; or

(iii)A national interest waiver has been granted.

(c)*Certification and identification of country of origin.*

(1) For all line items subject to the Trade Agreements—Basic clause of this solicitation, the offeror certifies that each end product to be delivered under this contract, except those listed in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision, is a U.S.-made, qualifying country, or designated country end product.

(2) The following supplies are other nondesignated country end products:

Line Item Number	Country of Origin

(End of provision)

SHIPPING POINT AND REFINERY INFORMATION

COMPLETE IN OFFER ENTRY TOOL (OET)

NOTIFICATION OF VESSEL EXPECTED TIME OF ARRIVAL(ETA)

As required by the DEMURRAGE AND LOADING CONDITIONS (F.O.B. ORIGIN BARGE/ SHALLOW DRAFT TANKER) and/or the DEMURRAGE AND LOADING CONDITIONS (F.O.B. ORIGIN TANKER, BARGE) Supplements, when Government vessel loadings are involved, offerors shall submit the following information for each port offered (Check box for preferred communication method):

PORT: _____

☐ NOTIFICATION TELEX/FAX NUMBER: _____

☐ EMAIL ADDRESS:_____

AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS

COMPLETE IN OFFER ENTRY TOOL (OET)

FOREIGN TAXES (DLA ENERGY NOV 2014)
(THIS CLAUSE APPLIES ONLY TO DLA ENERGY FUNDED ITEMS)

COMPLETE IN OFFER ENTRY TOOL (OET)