AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION/MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT

1. CONTRACT ID CODE	PAGE	OF	PAGES
J	1		9

2. AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION NUMBER	3. EFFECTIVE DATE	4. REQUISITION/PURCHASE REQUISITION NUMBER	5. PROJECT NUMBER *(If applicable)*
0003	11 AUG 2026		

6. ISSUED BY	CODE	7. ADMINISTERED BY *(If other than Item 6)*	CODE
W7MX USPFO ACTIVITY CAANG 195 KO FOR CAANG DO NOT DELETE, 17840 13TH ST BLDG 2180 BEALE AFB, CA 95903-2180 UNITED STATES KRISTIAN MARTIN PERLAS, EMAIL: KRISTIAN_MARTIN.PERLAS.2@US.AF.MIL TELEPHONE: +1 (786) 993-3780	W50S6U	SCD: PAS:	

8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR *(Number, street, county, State and ZIP Code)*	(X)	9A. AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION NUMBER
	☒	W50S6U26QA019
		9B. DATED *(SEE ITEM 11)* 17 JUL 2026
	☐	10A. MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT/ORDER NUMBER
		10B. DATED *(SEE ITEM 13)*
CODE / FACILITY CODE		

11. THIS ITEM ONLY APPLIES TO AMENDMENTS OF SOLICITATIONS

☒ The above numbered solicitation is amended as set forth in Item 14. The hour and date specified for receipt of Offers ☒ is extended. ☐ is not extended.

Offers must acknowledge receipt of this amendment prior to the hour and date specified in the solicitation or as amended, by one of the following methods: (a) By completing items 8 and 15, and returning 1 copies of the amendment; (b) By acknowledging receipt of this amendment on each copy of the offer submitted; or (c) By separate letter or electronic communication which includes a reference to the solicitation and amendment numbers. FAILURE OF YOUR ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO BE RECEIVED AT THE PLACE DESIGNATED FOR THE RECEIPT OF OFFERS PRIOR TO THE HOUR AND DATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF YOUR OFFER. If by virtue of this amendment you desire to change an offer already submitted, such change may be made by letter or electronic communication, provided each letter or electronic communication makes reference to the solicitation and this amendment, and is received prior to the opening hour and date specified.

12. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA *(If required)*

SEE SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

13. THIS ITEM APPLIES ONLY TO MODIFICATIONS OF CONTRACTS/ORDERS. IT MODIFIES THE CONTRACT/ORDER NUMBER AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 14.

CHECK ONE	
☐	A. THIS CHANGE ORDER IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO: *(Specify authority)* THE CHANGES SET FORTH IN ITEM 14 ARE MADE IN THE CONTRACT ORDER NUMBER IN ITEM 10A.
☐	B. THE ABOVE NUMBERED CONTRACT/ORDER IS MODIFIED TO REFLECT THE ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES *(such as changes in paying office, appropriation data, etc.)* SET FORTH IN ITEM 14, PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF FAR 43.103(b).
☐	C. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT IS ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO AUTHORITY OF:
☐	D. OTHER *(Specify type of modification and authority)*

E. IMPORTANT: Contractor ☐ is not ☐ is required to sign this document and return _____ copies to the issuing office.

14. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION (*Organized by UCF section headings, including solicitation/contract subject matter where feasible.)*

See "Summary of Changes" next page.

Except as provided herein, all terms and conditions of the document referenced in Item 9A or 10A, as heretofore changed, remains unchanged and in full force and effect.

15A. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER *(Type or print)*		16A. NAME AND TITLE OF CONTRACTING OFFICER *(Type or print)*	
		KRISTIAN MARTIN PERLAS	
15B. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR	15C. DATE SIGNED	16B. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	16C. DATE SIGNED
(Signature of person authorized to sign)		*(Signature of Contracting Officer)*	11 AUG 2026

Previous edition unusable

STANDARD FORM 30 (REV. 11/2016)
Prescribed by GSA FAR (48 CFR) 53.243

SECTION SF 30 BLOCK 14 CONTINUATION PAGE

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Block 14 (Description of Amendment/Modification):
The purpose of this amendment is to:
a) Incorporate FAR 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting;
b) Remove FAR 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside;
c) Add the following in "Section M - Evaluation Factors for Award", The Government may award all or some of the items under "Section B - Supplies or Services & Prices or Costs"; and
d) Extend the quotations due date in block 8 of the Standard Form 1449 (SF 1449).

All vendors must acknowledge receipt of this amendment in accordance with the instructions in this form, see Block 11.

All other terms and conditions remain unchanged.

Solicitation/Contract Form

The following changes have been made:

INFORMATION	FROM	TO
Response Due Date	06 Aug 2026	18 Aug 2026

Contract Clauses

Additional Information/Notes

The following clauses were added:

FAR Clauses Incorporated by Full Text

52.219-14 Limitations on Subcontracting (Feb 2026) Deviation 2021-O0008 (Feb 2023) (DEVIATION 2021-O0008)

LIMITATIONS ON SUBCONTRACTING (FEB 2023) (DEVIATION 2021-O0008)

(a) This clause does not apply to the unrestricted portion of a partial set-aside.

(b) *Definition. Similarly situated entity*, as used in this clause, means a first-tier subcontractor, including an independent contractor, that--

(1) Has the same small business program status as that which qualified the prime contractor for the award (e.g., for a small business set-aside contract, any small business concern, without regard to its socioeconomic status); and

(2) Is considered small for the size standard under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code the prime contractor assigned to the subcontract.

(c) *Applicability.* This clause applies only to--

(1) Contracts that have been set aside for any of the small business concerns identified in 19.000(a)(3);

(2) Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for any of the small business concerns identified in 19.000(a)(3);

(3) Contracts that have been awarded on a sole-source basis in accordance with subparts 19.8, 19.13, 19.14, and 19.15;

(4) Orders expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and that are--

(i) Set aside for small business concerns under multiple-award contracts, as described in 8.405-5 and 16.505(b)(2)(i)(F); or

(ii) Issued directly to small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in 19.504(c)(1)(ii);

(5) Orders, regardless of dollar value, that are--

(i) Set aside in accordance with subparts 19.8, 19.13, 19.14, or 19.15 under multiple-award contracts, as described in 8.405-5 and 16.505(b)(2)(i)(F); or

(ii) Issued directly to concerns that qualify for the programs described in subparts 19.8, 19.13, 19.14, or 19.15 under multiple-award contracts, as described in 19.504(c)(1)(ii); and

(6) Contracts using the HUBZone price evaluation preference to award to a HUBZone small business concern unless the concern waived the evaluation preference.

(d) *Independent contractors.* An independent contractor shall be considered a subcontractor.

(e) *Limitations on subcontracting.* By submission of an offer and execution of a contract, the Contractor agrees that in performance of a contract assigned a North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for--

(1) Services (except construction), it will not pay more than 50 percent of the amount paid by the Government for contract performance, excluding certain other direct costs and certain work performed outside the United States (see paragraph (e)(1)(i)), to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 50 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded. When a contract includes both services and supplies, the 50 percent limitation shall apply only to the service portion of the contract. The following services may be excluded from the 50 percent limitation:

(i) Other direct costs, to the extent they are not the principal purpose of the acquisition and small business concerns do not provide the service. Examples include airline travel, work performed by a transportation or disposal entity under a contract assigned the environmental remediation NAICS code 562910), cloud computing services, or mass media purchases.

(ii) Work performed outside the United States on awards made pursuant to the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or work performed outside the United States required to be performed by a local contractor.

(2) Supplies (other than procurement from a nonmanufacturer of such supplies), it will not pay more than 50 percent of the amount paid by the Government for contract performance, excluding the cost of materials, to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 50 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded. When a contract includes both supplies and services, the 50 percent limitation shall apply only to the supply portion of the contract;

(3) General construction, it will not pay more than 85 percent of the amount paid by the Government for contract performance, excluding the cost of materials, to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 85 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded; or

(4) Construction by special trade contractors, it will not pay more than 75 percent of the amount paid by the Government for contract performance, excluding the cost of materials, to

subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 75 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded.

(f) The Contractor shall comply with the limitations on subcontracting as follows:

(1) For contracts, in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1), (2), (3) and (6) of this clause--

[X] By the end of the base term of the contract and then by the end of each subsequent option period; or

[ ] By the end of the performance period for each order issued under the contract.

(2) For orders, in accordance with paragraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this clause, by the end of the performance period for the order.

(g) A joint venture agrees that, in the performance of the contract, the applicable percentage specified in paragraph (e) of this clause will be performed by the aggregate of the joint venture participants.

(1) In a joint venture comprised of a small business protege and its mentor approved by the Small Business Administration, the small business protege shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by the joint venture. Work performed by the small business protege in the joint venture must be more than administrative functions.

(2) In an 8(a) joint venture, the 8(a) participant(s) shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by the joint venture. Work performed by the 8(a) participants in the joint venture must be more than administrative functions.

(End of clause)

The following clauses were deleted:

FAR Clauses Incorporated by Reference

Number	Title	Effective Date	Alternate/ Deviation	Variation Effective Date
52.219-6	Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside. (Deviation 2026-O0038)	Feb 2026		

Evaluation Factors for Award

Miscellaneous text in this section has been modified to:

Evaluation and Basis for Award

1. Basis for Award

1.1 The Government intends to issue a firm-fixed-price purchase order to the responsible vendor whose quotation complies with the material requirements of this Request for Quotations and represents the best value to the Government.

1.2 The Government will evaluate quotations using the following factors:

Factor 1 -- Price

Factor 2 -- Past Performance

Price and past performance are approximately equal in importance.

1.3 The Government will not conduct a separate technical evaluation. Quotations will be reviewed to determine whether they comply with the material requirements of the RFQ and Performance Work Statement. A quotation that takes exception to a material requirement may be ineligible for award.

1.4 Compliance with the material requirements of the RFQ and the Government's responsibility determination are award-eligibility determinations, not separate comparative evaluation factors. The Government may waive minor informalities or immaterial defects.

2. Comparative Evaluation

2.1 The Government will conduct a comparative evaluation of quotations eligible for award. Quotations will be compared directly with one another under each evaluation factor and overall to determine which quotation is comparatively most advantageous and represents the best value to the Government.

2.2 The Government will identify and consider meaningful comparative differences, benefits, and performance risks. An aspect of a quotation that merely satisfies an RFQ requirement will not, by itself, be considered a comparative advantage.

2.3 The Government will not assign adjectival ratings, color ratings, numerical scores, or point scores. The Government will not determine comparative advantage merely by counting favorable or unfavorable observations. The significance and expected effect of each observation on

successful performance will be more important than the number identified. The Government will consider the significance, expected benefit, and performance implications of each comparative difference.

2.4 The Government may compare all quotations at the same time or compare them successively. Any preliminary best-value determination may be reconsidered, and no selection will be final until the Government has evaluated all quotations eligible for award.

2.5 The sequence in which quotations are reviewed or compared is administrative and does not establish an evaluation preference. The final award decision will consider the entire evaluation record and all quotations eligible for award.

2.6 The Government may issue the purchase order based on the initial quotations without requesting clarifications or revisions. The Government may communicate with vendors or request revised quotations when the Contracting Officer determines that doing so is appropriate. Any exchanges will be conducted consistent with the simplified procedures applicable to this acquisition and the requirement to treat vendors fairly.

3. Price

3.1 The Government will evaluate each vendor's total quoted price for the complete requirement, including all labor, supervision, materials, supplies, equipment, transportation, disposal, and other costs necessary to perform the Performance Work Statement.

3.2 The Government will compare total quoted prices and evaluate each quotation for price completeness, mathematical accuracy, and reasonableness. The Government must determine the prospective awardee's price to be fair and reasonable before award.

3.3 The Government may award all or some of the items under "Section B - Supplies or Services & Prices or Costs"

4. Past Performance

4.1 The Government will qualitatively compare the recency, relevance, and quality of available past-performance information to determine whether one vendor's performance record provides greater, lesser, or similar confidence in successful performance of the requirement.

Recency, relevance, and quality are considerations within the Past Performance factor. They are not separately weighted subfactors, and no single consideration or past-performance example is necessarily controlling.

4.2 Recency. Past performance is recent when the effort was ongoing or completed during the three years preceding the quotation due date. The Government may give greater consideration to more recent performance when it is more predictive of successful performance.

4.3 Relevance. The Government will determine relevance based on the similarity of the prior effort to the work required by the Performance Work Statement. Relevant efforts may include

landscaping, grounds maintenance, vegetation management, tree or stump removal, debris removal, site restoration, or similar exterior grounds work.

In determining relevance, the Government may consider similarities in scope, magnitude, complexity, duration, frequency of service, schedule, site conditions, and other characteristics that affect whether the prior effort is predictive of successful performance.

4.4 Quality. The Government may consider the quality and effectiveness of the vendor's prior performance, including:

- Quality of work;
- Timeliness and schedule performance;
- Safety;
- Cleanup and site restoration;
- Responsiveness and customer service;
- Compliance with contract requirements; and
- The amount of Government oversight or corrective action required.

4.5 Vendors may submit no more than three recent and relevant past performance references. The Government may consider each effort individually and the vendor's performance record collectively.

4.6 The Government may consider past performance information from any reasonably available source, including information submitted by the vendor, CPARS, customer references, SPRS supplier risk assessments, the Government's prior experience with the vendor, and other Government or commercial sources. The Government may contact some, all, or none of the references provided.

4.7 Past performance information will not necessarily receive equal consideration. The Government may give greater consideration to information that is more recent, relevant, or otherwise predictive of successful performance of this requirement.

4.8 A vendor for which no recent or relevant past performance information is available will not be evaluated favorably or unfavorably solely because of the absence of such information. However, a favorable record of recent and relevant past performance may be considered more advantageous than the absence of a performance record when the Government reasonably determines that the favorable record provides greater confidence in successful performance.

5. Best Value Decision

5.1 The Government will consider the comparative past performance benefits and risks together with the differences in total quoted prices. The best value determination will be based on the Contracting Officer's reasonable business judgment and will not be determined through a mathematical formula or mechanical counting of favorable observations.

5.2 The Government may select a higher-priced quotation when it reasonably determines that the comparative past performance benefit or reduction in performance risk merits the price premium. The Government is not required to assign a dollar value to a past performance benefit.

5.3 Conversely, the Government may select a lower-priced quotation when the comparative past performance differences do not justify paying the higher price. When quotations are comparatively similar under Past Performance, the lower-priced quotation will represent the better value.