Schematic Design (SD)

Project Title: Stabilize Riverbank at MM20

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
SITES			
Yes	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activities		Erosion and Sediment Control Strategies
		X	Develop a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)
			Temporary seeding/planting
		X	Permanent seeding/planting
			Mulching
			Earth dike
		X	Silt fence
			Sediment trap
			Sediment basin
			Other:
N/A	Stormwater Management Stormwater Management (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016) Stormwater Management for Federal Facilities (EISA Section 438)		Protect Hydrology
			For development footprints that exceed 5000 square feet, maintain or restore, to the maximum extent technically feasible, the predevelopment hydrology of the property with regard to the temperature, rate, volume, and duration of flow.
			Vegetated roofs
			Pervious paving
			Reuse stormwater for landscape irrigation.
			Reuse stormwater for toilet and urinal flushing.
			Reuse stormwater for custodial uses.
			Grid pavers
			Rain gardens
			Vegetated swales
			Constructed wetlands
			Vegetated filters
			If project involves no site work, answer Yes.
			Other:
N/A	Soundscape Preservation 4.9 Soundscape Management (2006 NPS Management Policies)		Soundscape Preservation
			No exterior noise producing equipment.
			Exterior noise producing equipment is quieter than ambient noise levels.
			Sound screening is installed to reduce noise levels of outside noise producing equipment.
			Other:
N/A	Dark Sky Preservation 4.10 Lightscape Management (2006 NPS Management Policies)		Dark Sky Preservation
			Minimize site lighting.
			All exterior features are full cutoff luminaries.
			Exterior surfaces are low-reflectance.
			Spotlights are low-angle.
			If no exterior lighting on site/building, answer yes.
			If existing building has existing non-cutoff lighting that will remain, answer No.
			Other:

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
WATER EFFICIENCY			
N/A	Water Meters		Water Metering
	Water Meters (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		A new water meter will be provided.
			The building has an existing water meter.
			For irrigation systems larger than 25,000 square feet, a separate water meter will be provided.
			Other:
	NPS Metering of Water and Energy Use - New Construction (pdf)		
N/A	HVAC Water Efficiency		Water Used for Energy Conservation
			For such systems, ensure life-cycle cost-effective water conservation technologies are applied.
	Section 109 Federal Building Performance Standards (pdf) (EPA 2005)		Systems that use water for energy conservation:
			Evaporative cooling
			Cooling tower
			Domestic water heat rejection loop
			Other:
N/A	Indoor Water Use		Water Metering
			Employ strategies that minimize water use and waste:
	Indoor Water Use (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Select plumbing fixtures that are WaterSense labeled and comply with ASHRAE 189.1-2014.
			FEMP designated products.
			Cooling tower controls optimized.
			Eliminate single pass cooling systems.
N/A	Outdoor Water Use		Protect and Conserve Water
			Employ strategies that minimize water use and waste:
	Outdoor Water Use (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Water efficient landscaping using native, non-invasive, low maintenance plant species.
			50% water use reduction using ASHRAE 189.1-2014 methodologies.
N/A	Alternative Water Use		Protect and Conserve Water
			Employ strategies that minimize water use and waste:
	Alternative Water (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Capture rainwater.
			Treated wastewater.
			Use of grey water.
			Use of reclaimed water.
			Other:
ENERGY / ENVIRONMENT			
N/A	Fundamental Commissioning		Fundamental Commissioning
			Systems/tests that may be included:
	Commissioning (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		HVAC systems (mechanical and passive) and associated controls
			Lighting and day lighting controls
			Domestic hot water systems
	Meets Performance Objectives (Whole Building Design Guide (WBDG)		Renewable energy systems (wind, solar, etc.)
			Building envelope

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
			Blower door testing
			Other:
			Deliverables for this requirement include:
			Owner's project requirements
			Basis of Design Report (BDR)
			Commissioning plan
			Incorporate commissioning requirements into Construction Documents (CD).
			Functional performance testing
			Commissioning report
			. NPS recommends performing blower door testing on applicable projects to determine overall tightness of building envelope.
			. Blower door test should be performed with a pressure differential between indoors and outdoors of 50 Pascals.
			. Resulting building tightness should be 3 to 5 air changes per hour (AC/H). (Curatorial storage buildings should be 1 AC/H at 50 Pascals.)
			. If building falls outside this range, make improvements to building envelope and retest until within recommended range.
			. Infrared thermography could be used in conjunction with blower door testing to identify areas of air leakage and building components that are significant sources of heat loss/heat gain.
N/A	Enhanced Commissioning		Enhanced Commissioning
	(Required for large or complex buildings or systems.) Commissioning (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Systems/tests may be included under Fundamental Commissioning:
			HVAC Systems (Mechanical & Passive) and associated controls
			Lighting and day lighting controls
			Domestic hot water systems
			Renewable energy systems (wind, solar, etc.)
			Building envelope
			Blower door testing
			Other:
			One acceptable standard for commissioning is ASHRAE 0-2005.
			Deliverables for commissioning include:
			Owner's project requirements
			Basis of Design Report (BDR)
			Commissioning plan
			Conduct commissioning design review prior to mid-Construction Documents.
			Incorporate commissioning requirements into Construction Documents.
			Review construction submittals.
			Functional performance testing
			Verify training requirements are complete.
			Review building operation within 10 months after substantial completion.
			Commissioning report

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
			Commissioning process began during design. . NPS recommends performing blower door testing on applicable projects to determine overall tightness of building envelope. . Blower door test should be performed with a pressure differential between indoors and outdoors of 50 Pascals. . Resulting building tightness should be 3 to 5 Air Changes per Hour (AC/H). (Curatorial storage buildings should be 1 AC/H at 50 Pascals). . If building falls outside of this range, make improvements to building envelope and re-test until within recommended range. . Infrared thermography could be used in conjunction with blower door testing to identify areas of air leakage and building components that are significant sources of heat loss/heat gain.
N/A	Refrigerant Management		Zero Use of Ozone Depleting Compounds (Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) and Hydrofluorocarbon (HCFC)
	Ozone Depleting Compounds and High Global Warning Potential (GWP) Chemicals (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Zero use of CFC based refrigerants in HVAC and refrigerant systems. If existing HVAC systems are used, a CFC phase out conversion will occur prior to project completion. Refrigerant will be recovered and recycled. Examples of refrigerants with zero ozone depleting potential: HFC-23, 134a, 245fa, 404A, 407C, 410A, 507A
N/A	Energy Performance		Demonstrate a percent improvement over ASHRAE 90.1
	Part 433 - Energy Efficiency Standards for the Design and Construction of new Federal Commercial and Multi-Family High-Rise Residential Buildings (10 CFR - Energy)		New buildings: 12% 14% 16% 18% 20% 22% 24% 26% 28% 30% (Federal Requirement)* 32% 34% 36% 38% 40% 42% 46% 48% Other: %
	Energy Efficiency (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		
	Optimize Energy Performance.** (Federal Regulations require an energy consumption reduction of 30% for New Construction and 20% for Existing Building Renovation as compared to an ASHRAE 90.1 baseline.)		

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
			Existing buildings:
			8%
			10%
			12%
			14%
			16%
			18%
			20% (Federal Requirement)*
			22%
			24%
			26%
			28%
			30%
			32%
			34%
			36%
			38%
			40%
			42%
			44%
			Other: %
			Federal Energy performance is based on compliance with ASHRAE 90.1 current version.
N/A	Reduce Fossil Fuel Derived Energy Section 433 Federal Building Energy Efficiency Performance Standards (pdf) EISA 2007		Demonstrate Reduction in Fossil Fuel Derived Energy (For new construction and major renovations greater than $2,500,000.)
			80% reduction by 2020
			95% reduction by 2025
			100% reduction by 2030
			Other:
			Fossil fuel derived energy should be reduced compared to a similar building from fiscal year 2003 as measured by the Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey.
N/A	Procure Environmentally Sustainable Electronic Products (Predominantly relates to purchases of desktop/laptop computer and peripherals.) EO 13963 Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade Energy Efficiency (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Energy Efficient Electronic Products Electronic Product Environmental Assessment Tool (EPEAT) Products:
			Desktop computers
			Laptop computers
			Computer workstations
			Computer monitors
			Other:
N/A	Energy Star and Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP) Section 436.4 Purpose and Scope (pdf) (CFR - Title 10 Energy - Part 436 Federal Energy Management and Planning Programs - Subpart C Agency Procurement of Energy Efficient Products)		Energy Star or FEMP Designated Products
			Lighting
			Commercial HVAC equipment and motors
			Food service equipment
			Office equipment

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
	Procure Energy Star or FEMP Designated Products		Home electronics
			Appliances
			Residential HVAC equipment and motors
			Plumbing equipment
			Building envelope components
			Water Sense labeled products
			Energy Star or FEMP designated products - not available.
			Energy Star and FEMP designated projects - not cost effective over life of product.
			Energy Star and FEMP designated projects - do not meet functional requirements of project.
			Other:
N/A	Premium Efficiency Electric Motors		Premium Efficiency Motors
			Provided on **all** motors greater than or equal to 1.0 horse power.
	Section 104 - Procurement of Energy Efficiency Products (pdf) (EPA 2005)		Other:
			This includes motors specified under both Mechanical and Electrical Divisions.
N/A	On-Site Renewable Energy***		Solar Thermal
	Solar Thermal for Hot Water (Choose N/A if proven not life cycle cost effective.)		Drain Back solar water heating system
			Thermosiphon solar water heating system
			Direct circulation system
	Section 523 - Standard Relating to Solar Hot Water Heaters (pdf) (EISA 2007)		Indirect water heating system
			Solar thermal is not life cycle cost effective over 40 years.
			Other:
N/A	Metering - Measurement and Verification		Building Meters
	Metering (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Natural gas
			Steam
			Electric
			Other:
	EO 13693 - Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade (pdf)		
	MATERIALS AND RESOURCES		
N/A	Storage and Collection of Recyclables		Recyclables - Storage & Collection
	Waste Diversion and Materials Management (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Designate an area for recyclable collection and storage appropriately sized and located in convenient area.
			Identify local waste handlers and buyers for glass, plastic, metals, office paper, newspaper, and organic wastes.
			Instruct occupants on recycling procedures.
			Install cardboard balers.
			Install aluminum can crushers.
			Install recycling chutes.
			Other:
N/A	Construction Waste Management		Construction Waste Management - Divert Minimum 50% from Disposal
			% diversion rate:

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
	Waste Diversion and Materials Management (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Develop waste management plan.
			Identify materials to be recycled.
			Establish if measure will be weight or volume.
			Establish if materials will be sorted on site or comingled.
			Other:
N/A	Recycled Content		Regional Materials
	Recycled Content and Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Onsite salvaged materials
			Regionally obtained concrete
			Regionally obtained lumber
			Regionally obtained plant based materials
	RCRA Section 6002 (Products that meet or exceed / recycled content recommendations.)		Other:
	EO 13693 - Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade (pdf)		
N/A	Bio-Based Products		BioPreferred Products
	EO 13693 - Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade (pdf)		BioPreferred form release agent
			BioPreferred carpet
			BioPreferred sealants and coatings
	USDA BioPreferred		Other:
N/A	Certified Wood		Certified Wood*
	Identifying Greener Wood Products		Certified wood for permanent installation
			Certified wood for temporary use (forms, bracing, scaffolding, etc.)
			Other:
			*Suggested wood certifications include Forest Stewardship Council (FSC), Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI), and Canadian Standards Association (CSA).
	INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY		
N/A	Indoor Air Quality (IAQ)		Minimum IAQ
			Meet the requirements of ASHRAE 62.1-2007.
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Other:
N/A	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control		Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Smoking will be prohibited in the building and anywhere within 25 feet of entries, outdoor air intakes, and operable windows.
			Signage is provided to allow smoking in designated areas, prohibit smoking in other areas, or prohibit smoking on entire property.
			Other:
N/A	IAQ Management Plan - During Construction		Construction IAQ Management Plan - During Construction
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Prepare IAQ management plan.
			Do not use permanent HVAC systems during demolition and/or construction.
			Protect equipment from dust and odors and seal all duct and equipment openings with plastic.

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
			If permanent systems will be used during demolition and/or construction, install and maintain filters (Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) 8 minimum) on all returns.
			If permanent systems will be used during demolition and/or construction and an unducted plenum over the construction zone must be used, all ceiling tiles will be in place.
			All filtration media shall be replaced after construction and before occupancy.
			Construction activities shall be isolated to prevent contamination of clean or occupied spaces.
			Cleaning activities to control contaminants in building.
			Other:
N/A	IAQ Management Plan - Before Occupancy		Construction IAQ Management Plan - Before Occupancy
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Prepare IAQ management plan.
			Perform building flushout (14,000 cubic foot per square feet of building) with air 60 degrees Fahrenheit or higher and less than 60% RH (relative humidity).
			Perform flushout (3500 cubic feet per square foot of building) and after occupancy, provide a minimum 0.30 cubic feet per minute per square foot (cfm/sf) outside air or as determined by ASHRAE 62.1-2007, whichever is greater, until a total of 14,000 cubic feet per square foot of building has been delivered to the space.
			Conduct baseline IAQ testing, after construction and before occupancy, in accordance with "Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Air Pollutants in Indoor Air".
			Other:
N/A	Low-Emitting Materials - Adhesives and Sealants		Low Emitting Adhesives and Sealants
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Low volatile organic compound (VOC) carpet adhesive
			Low VOC carpet pad adhesive
			Low VOC wood flooring adhesive
			Low VOC rubber floor adhesive
			Low VOC subfloor adhesive
			Low VOC ceramic tile adhesive
			Low VOC vinyl composition tile (VCT) and asphalt adhesive
			Low VOC drywall and panel adhesive
			Low VOC cove base adhesive
			Low VOC multipurpose construction adhesive
			Low VOC structural glazing adhesive
			Low VOC polyvinyl chloride (PVC) glue
			Low VOC chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) glue
			Low VOC acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) glue
			Low VOC plastic welding
			Low VOC plastic primer
			Low VOC contact adhesive
			Low VOC structural wood member adhesive
			Low VOC sheet applied rubber lining
			Low VOC top and trim adhesive
			Low VOC architectural sealant

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
			Low VOC nonmembrane roof sealant
			Low VOC roadway sealant
			Low VOC single ply roof membrane sealant
			Low VOC sealant primer, architectural nonporous
			Low VOC sealant primer, architectural porous
			Low VOC metal to metal adhesive
			Low VOC plastic foam adhesive
			Low VOC porous material (except wood) adhesive
			Low VOC wood adhesive
			Low VOC fiberglass adhesive
			Other:
N/A	Low-Emitting Materials - Paints and Coatings		Low Emitting Paints & Coatings
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Low volatile organic compound (VOC) bond breakers
			Low VOC varnish
			Low VOC lacquer
			Low VOC concrete curing compounds
			Low VOC dry-fog coatings
			Low VOC fire-retardant coatings
			Low VOC flat paints
			Low VOC floor coatings
			Low VOC nonflat high gloss coatings
			Low VOC nonflat non-high gloss coatings
			Low VOC quick dry enamels
			Low VOC shellac
			Low VOC stains
			Paints are Green Seal (GS) Standard GS-11 compliant.
			Clear wood finishes are South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 113 compliant.
			All anti-corrosive and anti-rust paints are GS Standard GC-03 compliant.
			Other:
N/A	Low-Emitting Materials - Flooring Materials		Low Emitting Flooring Systems
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Carpet meets testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Plus Program.
			All carpet cushion meet requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Program.
			Hard surface flooring must be compliant with FloorScore.
			Other:
N/A	Moisture Control		Moisture Control
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Building envelope assemblies conform to recommended practices on DSC Architectural Standards, https://www.nps.gov/dscw/ds-architectural.htm
			Building envelope assemblies conform to moisture control. (See ASHRAE Fundamentals 2005.)
	EO 13693 - Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade (pdf)		Building envelope assemblies conform to Moisture Control Handbook (Lstiburek and Carmody 1991) for recommended practices.
			Other:

Schematic Design (SD)

Project Title: Stabilize Riverbank at MM20

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
N/A	Controllability of Systems - Lighting		Controllability of Lighting
			Individual lighting control for building occupants.
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf)		Separate lighting controls for shared multi-occupant spaces to meet group needs.
	(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Other:
N/A	Thermal Comfort Design		Thermal Comfort Design
			Building meets requirements of ASHRAE 55-2004.
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf)		
	(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Other:
N/A	Daylighting and Lighting Controls		Daylight
			Provide daylight control for interior lighting.
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf)		Install interior light shelf to project daylighting further into spaces.
	(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Install exterior light shelf for glare control.
			Install fixed exterior shading devices for glare control.
			Provide windows in occupied spaces for occupants to obtain daylight.
			Provide skylights in occupied spaces for occupants to obtain daylight.
			Task lighting
			Other:
N/A	Radon		Radon
			New Construction - Incorporate radon resistant construction techniques.
	Radon-Resistant Construction Basics and Techniques		Install course gravel layer, perforated pipe, or collection mat below foundation.
			Install heavy duty plastic sheeting or vapor retarder over gravel layer.
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf)		Install vent pipe vertically from gravel to roof.
	(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Seal all openings and cracks in concrete foundations and walls with polyurethane caulk.
			Install electrical J-Box (Junction-Box) for use with a vent fan.
			Major Renovations
			Test for radon prior to construction.
			For levels greater than or equal to 4pCi/L (Picocurie per Liter), employ radon mitigation techniques.
N/A	Integrated Pest Management		Integrated Pest Management
			Potential pest species have been discussed with NPS and building design incorporates strategies to manage identified pests.
	NPS Integrated Pest Management Program		
			Other:
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf)		
	(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		
N/A	Occupant Health and Wellness		Occupant Health and Wellness
			Building or site-wide health and fitness programs
	WBDG Promote Health and Well-Being		Fitness center
			Convenient access to healthy dining options
	Enhance Indoor Environmental Quality (pdf)		Active/ergonomic work stations
	(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)		Bicycle commuter facilities
			Water bottle filling stations

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
			Access to daylight
			Indoor plants
			Exterior views
			Other:

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL DESIGN IMPERATIVES

N/A Mission Criticality

Mission Criticality (pdf)
(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)

Mission Criticality

- [ ] This building does not include critical infrastructure.
- [ ] This building does include critical infrastructure.
- [ ] Use sustainable landscape design principles.

Yes Flood Plain Considerations

For mission critical buildings, adjust base flood elevation by 3 feet. For non-mission critical buildings, adjust base flood elevation by 2 feet.

Floodplain Considerations (pdf)
(Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings 2016)

EO 13690 (pdf)
Establishing a Federal Flood Risk Management Standard and a Process for Further Soliciting and Considering Stakeholder Input

Flood Plain

Provide explanations:

1. PDSD evaluation includes consideration of increasing event frequency.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.

Yes Facility Design / Natural Hazards

Incorporate resilience measures to mitigate the impacts of climate change and natural hazards as identified on the Natural Hazards Checklist.

Natural Hazard Checklist
(Begins on page 6 of Addressing Climate Change and Natural Hazards Handbook)

Facility Design (pdf)
(Guiding Principles for Sustainable FederalBuildings 2016)

Facility Design / Natural Hazards

Perform hazard assessment. Hazards identified for this project:

- [ ] Earthquake
- [ ] Landslide/Avalanche
- [ ] Permafrost
- [ ] Cave/Karst
- [ ] Shrink/Swell Soils
- [ ] Coastal Storm Surge
- [ ] Tsunami
- [X] Riverine Flood
- [X] Flash Flood
- [ ] Hurricane
- [ ] Tornado
- [ ] Wildfire
- [ ] Volcanic Eruption
- [ ] Hydro-Thermal Activity (e.g. geysers)
- [ ] Pest Infestation

- [ ] Hazards do not occur due to geological setting.
- [ ] Other:

N/A Facility Adaptation

For existing buildings, undergo modernization and take action to mitigate identified

Facility Adaptation

Provide explanations:

Yes, No, N/A	Sustainability Feature	X	Concisely explain how all requirements are met at this milestone.
	physical risks. See Natural Hazards Checklist. National Hazard Checklist (Begins on page 6 of Addressing Climate Change and Natural Hazards Handbook) Facility Adaptation (pdf) (Guiding Principles for Sustainable FederalBuildings 2016)	1 2 3 4 5 6	

TOP 5 SUSTAINABILITY FEATURES

N/A	Top 5 Sustainability Features List the project's top 5 sustainable design features.	Project's Top 5 Sustainable Design Features 1 2 3 4 5

SUSTAINABILITY SCOPE

Notes: *Enter any additional details regarding the project's sustainability scope.*